

EE-668: Massive MIMO for 5G Communications: Design and Analysis

Assignment 3

Question 1. Prove below statements

1. Entropy of a random variable is non-negative.
2. Entropy of a random variable X is equal to zero only when it takes one value a with probability 1, i.e., $\Pr(X = a) = 1$.
3. Prove that uniform distribution maximizes the entropy among all the probability distributions $p(x)$ which are nonzero over a finite range $x \in [a, b]$
4. Prove that exponential distribution maximizes the entropy among all the probability distributions $p(x)$ which are nonzero over a semi-infinite range $x \in [0, \infty]$ and has a given mean $\mu < \infty$.

Question 2. Show that the entropy of multivariate Gaussian random vector $\mathbf{x} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \Sigma)$ is given by

$$h[\mathbf{x}] = \frac{1}{2} \log_2 ((2\pi e)^n |\Sigma|),$$

where n is the dimension of the random vector \mathbf{x} .

Question 3. Prove

1. The estimated channel coefficient \hat{g}_k^m and estimation error \tilde{g}_k^m are jointly gaussian.
2. The elements of $\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{W}_p \Phi$ are i.i.d $\mathcal{CN}(0, 1)$ when \mathbf{W}_p is an $M \times \tau_p$ matrix with i.i.d. $\mathcal{CN}(0, 1)$ elements and Φ is a $\tau_p \times K$ matrix such that $\Phi^H \Phi = I_K$.

Question 4. For an $m \times n$ matrix \mathbf{B} , $n \times m$ matrix \mathbf{D} , and $n \times 1$ vectors \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , prove the following

1. Optimal \mathbf{a} that maximizes $\frac{|\mathbf{a}^H \mathbf{b}|^2}{\mathbf{a}^H \mathbf{B} \mathbf{a}}$ is given by $\mathbf{B}^{-1} \mathbf{b}$.
2. $B^{-1} a = (1 + a^H B^{-1} a)(B + a a^H)^{-1} a$.
3. $[BD + I_m]^{-1} B = B[DB + I_n]^{-1}$.